58th Legislature HB0296.01

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 296
2	INTRODUCED BY L. JENT
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REQUIRING THAT AN INSURER PAY COSTS AND ATTORNEY
5	FEES FOR DENIAL OR TERMINATION OF MEDICAL BENEFITS THAT ARE LATER DETERMINED
6	COMPENSABLE BY THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE
7	AWARD OF COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES IS APPROPRIATE; AMENDING SECTIONS 39-71-611 AND
8	39-71-612, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
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10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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12	Section 1. Section 39-71-611, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"39-71-611. Costs and attorneys' <u>attorney</u> fees payable on denial of claim <u>or medical benefits</u> o
14	termination of benefits later found compensable. (1) The For benefits other than medical benefits, the insured
15	shall pay reasonable costs and attorney fees as established by the workers' compensation court if:
16	(a) the insurer denies liability for a claim for compensation or terminates compensation benefits;
17	(b) the claim is later adjudged compensable by the workers' compensation court; and
18	(c) in the case of attorneys' attorney fees, the workers' compensation court determines that the insurer's
19	actions in denying liability or terminating benefits were unreasonable.
20	(2) A finding of unreasonableness against an insurer made under this section subsection (1) does not
21	constitute a finding that the insurer acted in bad faith or violated the unfair trade practices provisions of Title 33
22	chapter 18.
23	(3) For medical benefits, the insurer shall, if the workers' compensation court orders, pay reasonable
24	costs and attorney fees as established and ordered by the workers' compensation court if:
25	(a) the insurer denies liability for a claim for medical benefits or terminates medical benefits and the
26	medical benefits are later adjudged compensable by the workers' compensation court; or
27	(b) the insurer denies liability for a claim for medical benefits or terminates medical benefits and the
28	dispute regarding medical benefits is later settled less than 30 days prior to the scheduled date of hearing before
29	the workers' compensation court.
30	(4) An insurer may not seek reimbursement or contribution from a health care provider for any costs

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- 1 or fees awarded pursuant to this section.
 - (5) For purposes of this section, "medical benefits" means those benefits that are to be furnished pursuant to 39-71-704."

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- Section 2. Section 39-71-612, MCA, is amended to read:
- "39-71-612. Costs and attorneys' attorney fees that may be assessed against insurer by workers' compensation judge. (1) If an insurer pays or submits a written offer of payment of compensation under chapter 71 or 72 of this title but controversy relates to the amount of compensation due, the case is brought before the workers' compensation judge for adjudication of the controversy, and. If the award granted by the judge is greater than the amount paid or offered by the insurer, a reasonable attorney's fee and costs and attorney fees as established by the workers' compensation judge if the case has gone to a hearing may be awarded by the judge in addition to the amount of compensation.
- (2) An award of attorneys' attorney fees under subsection (1) may only be made if it is determined that the actions of the insurer were unreasonable. Any written offer of payment made 30 days or more before the date of hearing must be considered a valid offer of payment for the purposes of this section.
- (3) A finding of unreasonableness against an insurer made under this section subsection (2) does not constitute a finding that the insurer acted in bad faith or violated the unfair trade practices provisions of Title 33, chapter 18.
- (4) (a) For medical benefits, the insurer shall, if the workers' compensation court orders, pay reasonable costs and attorney fees as established and ordered by the workers' compensation court if:
- (i) the insurer pays or submits a written offer of payment of medical benefits under chapter 71 or 72 of this title but there is controversy related to the amount of benefits due;
 - (ii) the case is brought before the workers' compensation judge for adjudication of the controversy; and
- (iii) the award granted by the judge is greater than the amount paid or offered by the insurer.
- (b) A written offer of payment made 30 days or more before the date of hearing must be considered a valid offer of payment for the purposes of this section.
- 27 (5) An insurer may not seek reimbursement or contribution from a health care provider for any costs 28 or fees awarded pursuant to this section.
- 29 (6) For purposes of subsection (4), "medical benefits" means those benefits that are to be furnished pursuant to 39-71-704."



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NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date -- applicability. [This act] is effective July 1, 2003, and

3 applies to accidents occurring on or after July 1, 2003.

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